

# ANNUAL CRIME REPORT 2017

TRANSIT POLICE DIVISION

## YEAR IN REVIEW

#### 2017 Crime Report

his past year brought us several important events. In January the city experienced massive snowstorms which made travel extremely difficult. Buses and MAX lines were significantly delayed and it was challenging for Transit Police to reach calls for service due to the inclement weather. More delays occurred in the spring as TriMet performed improvement projects on portions of the MAX rail lines in order to upgrade switches. The foremost event of 2017 was the tragic hate-inspired double homicide and assault that occurred on May 26, 2017. The whole community was stunned and saddened by this horrible event. TriMet and Transit Police participated in vigils and community gatherings as everyone came to grips with what occurred. In the aftermath, the Transit Police responded by reaching out to our partner agencies for assistance to supplement our Transit Police staff. In an effort to reduce fear and increase security, we focused our efforts for three weeks on the trains and platforms between Interstate Rose Quarter and Gateway. Thanks to our partner agencies, we had an additional 4-6 officers working each dayshift and an additional 6-8 officers working each afternoon shift for the mission.

The Transit Police Division is committed to reducing crime that occurs on the TriMet system. Our team works in concert with TriMet staff to provide a more comprehensive presence in order to increase safety and security on the system. Transit Police and fare enforcement staff regularly work joint high visibility missions, often focusing in areas with livability concerns, high crime rates and/or areas with customer complaints. These daily, directed missions generate a large number of arrests and citations. While fare enforcement is a part of the assignment, these missions serve multiple purposes. Transit Police and fare enforcement staff saturate the area, knowing our visible presence deters criminal activity. Our officers are directed to meet and greet the community and act as ambassadors for TriMet, check in with TriMet operators, and inquire about any concerns and respond accordingly. Our objective is to decrease fear and increase the level of trust our community and our operators have in the service we provide.

In 2017, there was a rise in reported *Group A* offenses (14.7%), more specifically, an increase of 183 offenses. Person offenses increased by 108 offenses (38%), property offenses increased by 70 offenses es (9%), and society offenses increased by 5 offenses (2%). Contextually, the City of Portland, the largest city in the tri-county area, reported increased crime activity. According to the Portland Police Bureau, person offenses rose 7.5%, property offenses rose 7.5% and society offenses fell 4.4% in 2017. TriMet system boardings decreased from 2016 to 2017: 99 million and 97 million respectfully. The 2 million boardings decrease was evenly split between rail and bus, with both down by 1 million from 2016.

## YEAR IN REVIEW

### 2017 Crime Report

In 2016, Transit Police changed the way reported crimes were tracked and categorized in order to comply with the new FBI standard called the National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS). Remember, under NIBRS, *all* offenses are counted within an incident. Previously with SRS, only *one* offense per incident was counted, which means that there may have been multiple offenses involved in a single incident, but only the most serious offense was reported. The transition to NIBRS improves the accuracy and timeliness of crime statistics, but also removes the ability to compare data prior to 2016. This year gives us two years of comparable data and continues to build our statistical base. Crime analysts have found that 3 years is the minimum to give a solid "typical" baseline for crime numbers. The more data we accumulate, the more we will be able to identify trends regarding the relativity of "high" or "low" crime activity.



Transit Police Staff

November 2017

# Transit/TriMet Facts

**TriMet Quick Facts:** 

\* 533 Square Miles of Coverage

\* Population of 1.5 Million in

Coverage across 3 Counties

\* 6,591 Bus Stops with 77 Bus

\* 97 MAX Stations with 5 Lines

\* 97 Million - 2017 Ridership

\* 130 Miles of MAX Track

Lines (excluding Lift)

(excluding WES)

Service Area

1 offense occurred per 100k rides

#### **Transit Police At-a-Glance:**

- Task Force model: The Portland Police Bureau commands our team which is comprised of officers/deputies from 15 surrounding agencies within the TriMet service area.
- 53 uniformed officers/deputies (including explosive detection dog/handler teams)
- 12 sergeants
- 3 command staff members
- 5 non-sworn professional staff
- 4 precinct locations

#### **Resource Allocation**

Transit officers patrol, respond to TriMet calls for service and assist TriMet during high visibility missions. As crime trends emerge, we move our resources to areas of most concern. If a surge of resources is necessary we ask our officers to work overtime to provide a more robust response. Overtime is most often used for:

- Directed Missions
- Community Events
- Response to recent crime trends
- Held over due to significant incident
- Coverage for minimum shift staff members

In mid-December, Clackamas County Sheriff's Office, Oregon City and Milwaukie police departments pulled out of RegJin (our report writing/records management system) and started to use a different report writing and records management system. All Transit officers continue to use the RegJin system to write police reports, even if the incident occurs in jurisdictions that no longer utilize RegJin. If non-Transit officers/deputies from CCSO, Oregon City and Milwaukie police departments respond to a TriMet call for service, those reports are currently unavailable for purposes of crime analysis.

# Overview

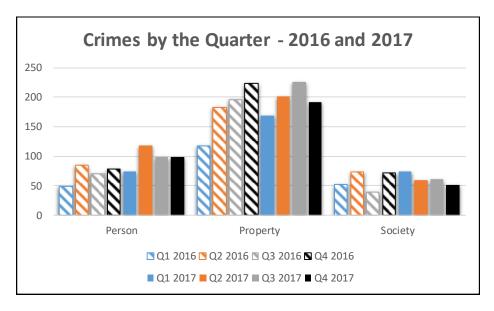
In the coming pages, the collected data is presented from the macro to the micro. Knowing there are many ways to slice the same pie, the data has been carved out to show multiple ways of understanding the numbers which guides the Transit Police's focus of effort. Data is presented within subcategories — *Mode (Rail and Bus), Other Locations, Customer, Employee, Other Victims, Society* and *Park & Rides.* Each of these subcategories elaborate on the numbers presented here.

In 2017, there were a total of **1,424 offenses** across the TriMet system with nearly **97 million rides** provided. Of the *Group A* offenses reported, 28% were person crimes, 55% were property crimes and 17% were society crimes. In 2017, 463 arrests were made in relation to transit crimes. People in the age group 23-32 had the most arrests.

TriMet Gr	oup A Offenses : 2	2017
97 Million Total	<b>Boardings - 1424</b>	Offenses
Offense Group	2017	2016
Total	1,424	1,241
Person Offenses - Total	391	283
Property Offenses - Total	789	719
Society Offenses - Total	244	239

Age	Arrests
17 & under	40
18-22	69
23-27	107
28-32	117
33-37	84
38-42	60
43-47	59
48-52	30
53 & up	52
Total	463

With two years of comparable data behind us, quarter-to-quarter comparisons are possible. The chart below breaks out each quarter: 2016 is displayed with striped bars and 2017 is displayed as solid bars and each matching quarter displayed with the same color. What we can determine from this is that most quarters show a rise in offenses, with few showing a decline. It is important to note that reported offenses can be affected by several factors: weather, school summer and winter vacations, and other inexplicable influences that can cause fluctuation.



# Overview

In 2017, there were a total of 1,424 offenses across the TriMet system with nearly 97 million rides provided, meaning that for every 100,000 rides, 1 *Group A* offense occurred. The majority of offenses were property-related.

Simple assault was the most common person offense in 2017, with 15% of the overall crime. The major person offense incident was the double homicide that occurred at the Hollywood Transit Center.

Larceny was the most common property
offense in 2017 with 31% of the overall
crime. Larceny offenses, excluding fraud,
encompass all types of larceny; mostly sto-
len or mislaid property. Between 2016 and
2017, property offenses rose by 70 inci-
dents.

Society offenses mostly consist of drug offenses. Society crimes on TriMet generally fall into the drug or weapons category. Between 2016 and 2017, society offenses rose by 5. Most often society offense arrests occur secondarily to the purpose of the primary police contact.

Transit Person Offenses			
Offense Category	2017	2016	
Assault Offenses	372	268	
Aggravated Assault	77	56	
Simple Assault	215	132	
Intimidation	80	80	
Sex Offenses	17	14	
Homicide Offenses	2	0	
All Other Person Offenses	0	1	
Person Offenses - Total	391	283	

Transit Pr	operty Offe	enses*	
Offense Category	2017	2016	
Larceny Offenses	443	376	
Vandalism	150	177	
Motor Vehicle Theft	134	110	
Robbery	53	40	
Counterfeiting/Forgery	3	10	
All Other Property Offenses	6	6	
Property Offenses - Total	789	719	
*Excludes Fraud Offenses			

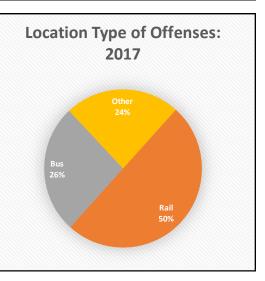
Transit Society Offenses			
Offense Category	2017	2016	
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	209	205	
Weapon Law Violations	34	33	
All Other Society Offenses	1	1	
Society Offenses - Total	244	239	

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	Ver	view	
	VUI		

The TriMet system includes two modes of transportation—rail and bus. Offenses are broken down by the mode of travel on which the crime occurred. In addition to rail and bus, we also track "other locations" which include Park & Rides, right-of-way and nonrevenue TriMet buildings.

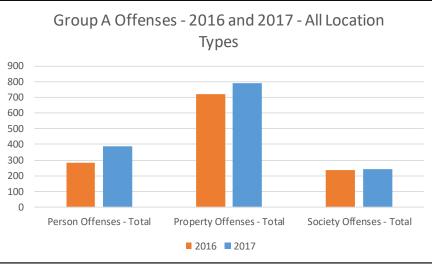
TriMet Group A Offenses : 2017 97 Million Total Boardings - 1424 Offenses				
Mode - Offense Group	2017	2016		
Total Offenses	1,424	1,241		
Rail Offenses - Total	712	583		
Person Offenses	241	160		
Property Offenses	276	227		
Society Offenses	195	196		
Bus Offenses - Total	375	343		
Person Offenses	141	115		
Property Offenses	201	201		
Society Offenses	33	27		
Other Location Offenses - Total	337	315		
Person Offenses	9	8		
Property Offenses	312	291		
Society Offenses	16	16		

*Group A* offenses rose in 2017. Rail accounted for 50% of all incidents, with the other half split almost evenly between bus and other locations. Our best conjecture as to why more crime occurs on rail is the anonymity of the riders; with the MAX operator in a separate compartment there is no TriMet authority visually present. Each mode saw an increase from 2016, with the most significant being on the rail.



Among the breakdown of incidents, rail saw an increase in person and

property offenses, bus saw an increase in person offenses, and other locations saw an increase in property offenses.



	TriMet Rail (	Offenses : 201	17	
	39.6 Million Rail Boardings - 712 Offenses			
	Mode - Offense	2017	2016	
Rail	Rail Offenses - Total	712	583	
Nall /	Person Offenses	241	160	
	Assault Offenses	228	152	
	Aggravated Assault	53	36	
	Simple Assault	136	80	
	Intimidation	39	36	
	Homicide Offenses	2	0	
In 2017, the rail saw 39.6 million board-	Sex Offenses	11	7	
ings and 712 Group A offenses. Of those	All Other Person Offenses	0	1	
712 offenses, 241 were person crimes,	Property Offenses*	276	227	
-	Larceny Offenses	208	153	
276 were property crimes and 195 were	Robbery	34	28	
society crimes.	Vandalism	29	35	
5	All Other Property Offenses	5	11	
	Society Offenses	195	196	
	Drug/Narcotic Offenses	171	165	
	Weapon Law Violations	23	30	
	All Other Society Offenses	1	1	



## Common Offense Categories by Rail Sections

With multiple lines covering the stops, it is difficult to consistently attribute incidents to specific "lines." Our solution is to group the track itself into logical segments and track incidents within those areas.

102nd Ave to Cleveland Ave				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	57	30		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	15	16		
Larceny Offenses	25	17		
Robbery	6	7		
Vandalism	3	14		
Weapon Law Violations	3	8		
All Other Offenses	2	3		
Segment Total	111	95		

NE 82nd Ave to Hollywood / 42nd Ave				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	22	14		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	15	10		
Larceny Offenses	14	10		
Robbery	6	1		
Vandalism	1	1		
Weapon Law Violations	2	0		
All Other Offenses	5	1		
Segment Total	65	37		

Interstate Rose Qtr to Expo Center				
<b>Offense Category</b>	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	15	12		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	13	4		
Larceny Offenses	12	8		
Robbery	3	0		
Vandalism	2	3		
Weapon Law Violations	0	1		
All Other Offenses	2	2		
Segment Total	47	30		

Gateway TC				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	14	10		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	8	13		
Larceny Offenses	8	8		
Robbery	4	3		
Vandalism	0	1		
Weapon Law Violations	2	1		
All Other Offenses	1	0		
Segment Total	37	36		

SE Main to CTC				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	16	14		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	14	34		
Larceny Offenses	14	11		
Robbery	1	2		
Vandalism	3	1		
Weapon Law Violations	1	4		
All Other Offenses	1	6		
Segment Total	50	72		

Hatfield Gov't Center to Beaverton Central				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	18	14		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	25	27		
Larceny Offenses	28	21		
Robbery	4	3		
Vandalism	4	3		
Weapon Law Violations	5	5		
All Other Offenses	1	2		
Segment Total	85	75		

## Common Offense Categories by Rail Sections

OMSI to SE Park Ave				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	3	4		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	3	2		
Larceny Offenses	13	9		
Robbery	0	0		
Vandalism	3	1		
Weapon Law Violations	3	0		
All Other Offenses	1	0		
Segment Total	26	16		

Central / Downtown				
<b>Offense Category</b>	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	41	20		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	33	20		
Larceny Offenses	36	22		
Robbery	2	4		
Vandalism	6	1		
Weapon Law Violations	3	2		
All Other Offenses	2	2		
Segment Total	123	71		

PDX to Parkrose					
Offense Category	2017	2016			
Assault Offenses	6	2			
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	7	5			
Larceny Offenses	9	6			
Robbery	0	0			
Vandalism	1	1			
Weapon Law Violations	1	2			
All Other Offenses	1	1			
Segment Total	25	17			

Unknown					
<b>Offense Category</b>	2017	2016			
Assault Offenses	2	0			
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	2	1			
Larceny Offenses	18	10			
Robbery	0	1			
Vandalism	0	0			
Weapon Law Violations	0	0			
All Other Offenses	0	0			
Segment Total	22	12			

Washington Park to BTC				
<b>Offense Category</b>	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	9	9		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	23	19		
Larceny Offenses	12	16		
Robbery	3	1		
Vandalism	5	3		
Weapon Law Violations	3	3		
All Other Offenses	3	2		
Segment Total	58	53		

Lloyd Center / Holladay Park to Rose Qtr					
Offense Category	2017	2016			
Assault Offenses	23	23			
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	13	12			
Larceny Offenses	18	14			
Robbery	5	6			
Vandalism	2	5			
Weapon Law Violations	0	3			
All Other Offenses	1	1			
Segment Total	62	64			

WES				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	2	0		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	0	2		
Larceny Offenses	1	1		
Robbery	0	0		
Vandalism	0	1		
Weapon Law Violations	0	1		
All Other Offenses	0	0		
Segment Total	3	5		

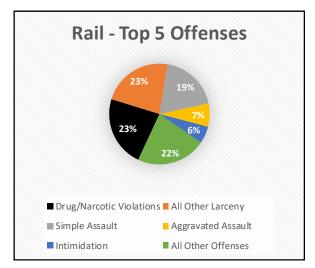
# Rail

In 2017, most offenses occurred in the 102nd Ave to Cleveland Ave rail segment. Central/Downtown had the most amount of offenses on the MAX. The Central/ Downtown segment houses the most amount of stops of all the rail segments, over double the amount of the next highest segment.

Larceny and simple assaults rose from 2016, but drug offenses, which remained the same, remains the number one offense.

Rail Offenses: 2017					
Rail Segment	# of Segment Stops*	2017	2016		
Central / Downtown	31	123	71		
102nd Ave to Cleveland Ave	12	111	95		
Hatfield Gov't Center to Beaverton Central	14	85	75		
NE 82nd Ave to Hollywood / 42nd Ave	3	65	37		
Lloyd Center / Holladay Park to Rose Qtr	4	62	64		
Washington Park to BTC	3	58	53		
SE Main to CTC	8	50	72		
Interstate Rose Qtr to Expo Center	10	47	30		
Gateway TC	1	37	36		
OMSI to SE Park Ave	8	26	16		
PDX to Parkrose	4	25	17		
WES	4	3	5		
Unknown	-	22	12		
Total	102	714	583		
*Bi-directional stops are combined					

Rail - Top 5 Offenses				
Offense Type	2017	2016		
Drug/Narcotic Violations	163	161		
All Other Larceny	163	128		
Simple Assault	136	80		
Aggravated Assault	53	36		
Intimidation	39	36		
All Other Offenses	160	142		
Total	714	583		





# Bus

In 2017, the bus system had 57.4 million boardings with 375 *Group A* offenses: 141 person, 201 property and 33 society.

In 2017, the number of offenses on the bus system increased by 9%, with most of the increase falling into the person offense category, specifically simple assaults. About a quarter of these assault offenses are committed against bus operators.

Property incidents on buses remain the same with vandalism going down and larceny/robbery offenses going up.

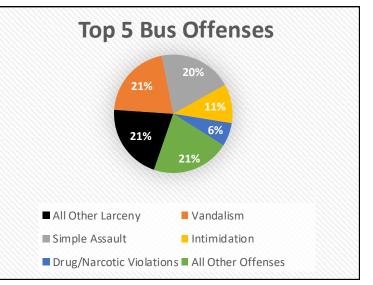
The main type of property issues are snatch and grabs, on buses or at bus stop.

The top 3 offenses on the bus are all other larceny, vandalism and simple assault.

	TriMet Bus Offenses : 2017 57.4 Million Bus Boardings - 375 Offenses			
Mode - Offense 2017 2016				
Bus Offenses - Total	375	343		
Person Offenses	141	115		
Assault Offenses	137	110		
Aggravated Assault	22	19		
Simple Assault	75	51		
Intimidation	40	40		
Sex Offenses	4	5		
All Other Person Offenses	0	0		
Property Offenses*	201	201		
Larceny Offenses	103	85		
Robbery	18	12		
Vandalism	78	102		
All Other Property Offenses	2	2		
Society Offenses	33	27		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	25	25		
Weapon Law Violations	8	2		
All Other Society Offenses	0	0		

Top 5	Bus Offense	es	
Offense Type	2017	2016	
All Other Larceny	78	61	
Vandalism	78	102	
Simple Assault	75	51	
Intimidation	40	40	
Drug/Narcotic Violations	24	25	
All Other Offenses	80	64	
Total Bus Offenses	375	343	





### Top 5 Bus Offense Categories by City/County

Tracking crime by bus line is not possible, so we separate it by different geographical sections. Please note that crimes listed as Multnomah County occurred in unincorporated portions of the county.

Portland			
Offense Category	2017	2016	
Assault Offenses	112	91	
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	13	13	
Larceny Offenses	68	46	
Robbery	15	11	
Vandalism	67	85	
Weapon Law Violations	4	2	
All Other Offenses	5	3	
Area Total	284	251	

Gresham			
Offense Category	2017	2016	
Assault Offenses	8	8	
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	0	0	
Larceny Offenses	3	5	
Robbery	2	1	
Vandalism	5	2	
Weapon Law Violations	1	0	
All Other Offenses	1	0	
Area Total	20	16	

Multnomah Co			
Offense Category	2017	2016	
Assault Offenses	1	0	
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	0	0	
Larceny Offenses	0	0	
Robbery	0	0	
Vandalism	0	0	
Weapon Law Violations	0	0	
All Other Offenses	0	0	
Area Total	1	0	

Clackamas Co				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Assault Offenses	1	7		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	5	5		
Larceny Offenses	5	4		
Robbery	0	0		
Vandalism	2	5		
Weapon Law Violations	0	0		
All Other Offenses	0	2		
Area Total	13	23		

Wash	ington Co		
Offense Category	2017	2016	
Assault Offenses	13	4	
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	7	7	
Larceny Offenses	15	16	
Robbery	1	0	
Vandalism	4	7	
Weapon Law Violations	3	0	
All Other Offenses	0	2	
Area Total	43	36	

Unknown			
Offense Category	2017	2016	
Assault Offenses	2	0	
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	0	0	
Larceny Offenses	11	14	
Robbery	0	0	
Vandalism	0	3	
Weapon Law Violations	0	0	
All Other Offenses	0	0	
Area Total	13	17	



# Other Locations

The term "other locations" includes Park & Rides, rightof-way and non-revenue TriMet buildings. A total of 337 incidents occurred at "other locations", which rose from 2016. Person crimes remained very low, with the majority of incidents being property-related. When looking closer, the increase can be primarily attributed to motor vehicle theft.

TriMet Other Location Offenses : 2017					
97 Million Total Boardings - 337 Offenses					
Iode - Offense 2017 2016					
Other Location Offenses - Total**	337	315			
Person Offenses	9	8			
Assault Offenses	7	6			
Aggravated Assault	2	1			
Simple Assault	4	1			
Intimidation	1	4			
Sex Offenses	2	2			
All Other Person Offenses	0	0			
Property Offenses*	312	291			
Larceny Offenses	132	138			
Motor Vehicle Theft	133	110			
Vandalism	43	40			
All Other Property Offenses	4	3			
Society Offenses	16	16			
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	13	15			
Weapon Law Violations	3	1			
All Other Society Offenses	0	0			

\*Property offenses do not include fraud offenses

\*\*Park&Rides, Right of Way, & TriMet Business Locations



# Customer

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In 2017, 922 person and property offenses were committed against TriMet customers, which is an increase of 189 offenses from the previous year.

Of the 922 total offenses, the overwhelming majority fell into the property crime category (631).

Most offenses occurred on the MAX.

Crimes Against Customers			
97 Million Customer Boardings: 2017			
	2017	2016	
Person & Property Offenses	922	733	

Person Offenses Against Customers					
97 Million Customer Boardings: 2017					
Offense Category	2017	2016			
Assault Offenses	275	188			
Intimidation	44	51			
Simple Assault	168	93			
Aggravated Assault	63	44			
Sex Offenses	14	11			
Homicide Offenses	2	0			
All Other Person Offenses	0	1			
Total - Person Offenses	291	200			

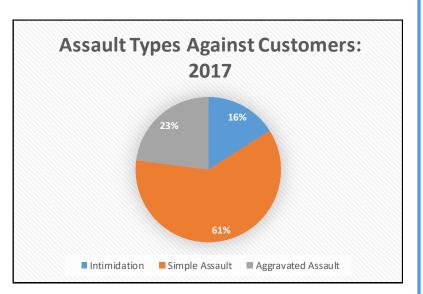
Property Offenses Against Customers 97 Million Customer Boardings: 2017			
Offense Type	2017	2016	
Larceny Offenses	405	347	
Motor Vehicle Theft	130	106	
Vandalism	47	40	
Robbery	48	38	
All Other Prop.	1	2	
Total - Property Offenses	631	533	

Crimes Against Customers - Total by Mode						
Offense Against	Bus	Rail	<b>Other Location</b>	Total		
Person	90	199	2	291		
Property	112	227	292	631		
Total	202	426	294	922		

Simple assault and larceny offenses were the most reported crimes in the person and property categories, respectively.

Simple assault is an unlawful attack by one person on another not involving a weapon or severe injury to the victim.

Larceny offenses can range from vehicle breakins to crimes of opportunity such as people taking items that were left unattended or forgotten on a bus/MAX vehicle.



# Employee

TriMet employees were victims to 67 *Group A* offenses in 2017. Of these, 55 were varying degrees of assault and 12 were property offenses. Of the 55 assault offenses, 38 of the victims were bus operators. Supervisors/fare inspectors were next with rail operators experiencing the least amount of crime.

One of Transit Police's highest priorities is to mitigate violence against TriMet employees. Transit Police regularly conduct straight time and overtime missions with a focus of increasing safety for TriMet employees.

\*Due to reclassification of employee types, the employee person and property total has changed from 62 (2016) to 55 (2017). TriMet contractors are no longer included in the employee category and have been moved to "other."

Crimes Against Employees - Total				
	2017	2016		
Person & Property Offenses	67	55		

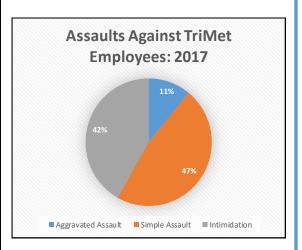
Person Offenses Against Employees			
Offense Category	2017	2016	
Assault Offenses	55	47	
Aggravated Assault	6	5	
Simple Assault	26	23	
Intimidation	23	19	
All Other Person Offenses	0	1	
Total - Person Offenses	55	48	

Property Offenses Against Employees				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Larceny Offenses	7	7		
All Other Prop. Offenses	5	0		
Total - Property Offenses	12	7		



	Crimes Against Employees - Total by Mode				
	<b>Offense Against</b>	Bus	Rail	<b>Other Location</b>	Total
Employee >	Person	43	12	0	55
	Property	11	1	0	12
	Total	54	13	0	67

Person Offenses Against	t TriMet Employ	ees - Employe
Employee Type	2017	2016
Bus Operator	38	33
Assault	38	32
Aggravated Assault	3	4
Simple Assault	19	12
Intimidation	16	16
Sex Offenses	0	1
Other Person Offenses	0	0
Rail Operator	5	3
Assault	5	3
Aggravated Assault	1	1
Simple Assault	3	2
Intimidation	1	0
Sex Offenses	0	0
Other Person Offenses	0	0
Supervisor / Fare Inspector	12	12
Assault	12	12
Aggravated Assault	2	0
Simple Assault	4	9
Intimidation	6	3
Sex Offenses	0	0
Other Person Offenses	0	0
Total	55	48





# **Other Victims**

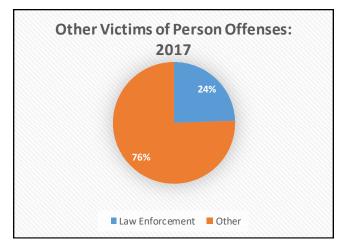
Types of "other/unknown" victims include victims of offsystem offenses (i.e. victims who's credit cards are stolen off -system and used to buy tickets is the most common), security guards, law enforcement and victims obviously not intending to utilize TriMet services, but are on TriMet property.

Person Offenses Against Other Victims			
2017	2016		
42	33		
21	16		
8	7		
13	10		
3	2		
45	35		
	<b>2017</b> 42		

Property Offenses Against Other Victims				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Vandalism	98	135		
Larceny Offenses	31	22		
Counterfeiting/Forgery	3	10		
All Other Prop. Offenses	14	10		
Total	146	177		

Crimes A	gainst Other Vic	tims -Total	
Crime Against	2017	2016	
Person & Property	191	212	

Other Victims of Person Offenses				
Туре	2017	2016		
Law Enforcement	11	12		
Other	34	23		
Total	45	35		



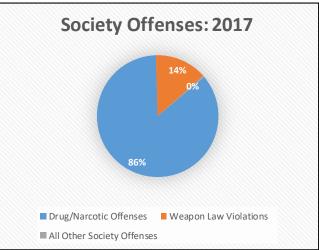


# Society

Crimes against society means that the primary victim is society as a whole – the mobile community who utilize TriMet - rather than an individual. The most common *Group A* society offenses on the TriMet system are drug/narcotic and weapons law violations. Society offenses rose by 5 in 2017.

Transit Society Offenses				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Drug/Narcotic Offenses	209	205		
Weapon Law Violations	34	33		
All Other Society Offenses	1	1		
Society Offenses - Total	244	239		





# Park & Rides

The vast majority of Park & Ride crimes are vehicle-related. Gateway Transit Center remains the location with the highest number of incidents, including the highest number of vehicles stolen. When locations are weighted with yearly use numbers (offenses per 100K vehicles parked), SE Holgate Blvd Park & Ride has the most vehicle-related offenses in relation to yearly use.

Park&Ride Top 10 Locations - Vehicle Related Offenses					
Location	2017	2016	Offenses /100K Veh		
Gateway Transit Center	57	50	23.0		
SE Holgate Blvd Park & Ride	39	42	124.2		
E 122nd/Menlo Park Park & Ride	27	19	78.7		
Parkrose/Sumner Transit Center	23	12	36.0		
Delta Park/Vanport Park & Ride	20	19	24.2		
SE Main St Park & Ride	19	22	56.6		
Cleveland Ave Park & Ride	13	6	23.7		
SE Powell Blvd Park & Ride	12	8	102.7		
SE Park Ave Park & Ride	11	7	7.5		
SE Tacoma/Johnson Creek Park & Ride	10	8	8.6		
All Other P&R	61	73	-		
Total	292	266	0		

Contextually, the City of Portland has seen an increase in motor vehicle thefts. Portland reported 7,172 stolen vehicles in 2017, an increase of 2,098 from 2016.

Park & Rides also saw an increase of motor vehicle thefts, but on a much smaller scale. There were 130 total vehicles stolen from TriMet Park & Rides this year, which was 24 more than in 2016. Transit Police routinely patrol TriMet Park & Rides in an effort to mitigate thefts.

Park&Ride Motor Vehicle Thefts - Top 5 Locations				
Location	2017	2016		
Gateway Transit Center	25	22		
Parkrose/Sumner Transit Center	16	6		
E 122nd/Menlo Park Park & Ride	13	8		
Delta Park/Vanport Park & Ride	10	2		
SE Holgate Blvd Park & Ride	8	16		
All Other Locations	58	52		
Total	130	106		

Vehicle Related Offenses at Park&Rides				
Offense Category	2017	2016		
Motor Vehicle Theft	130	106		
Theft From Motor Vehicle	100	95		
Vandalism	35	29		
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories	22	17		
All Other Larceny	5	19		
Total	292	266		

The offenses in this table inlcude incidents where a customer was the victim and at a 'other location' and the offense category includes offenses that are likely, or always, going to involve a vehicle. This table should be not considered an exhaustive representation of all offenses at Park&Rides.